



Para-Medical Program				
Specialization	Program Requirement			
Course Number 21301123				
Course Title	Course Title Medical Physics			
Credit Hours	Credit Hours (3)			
Theoretical Hours (3)				
Practical Hours (0)				





جامعة البلغاء التطبيهية

Brief Course Description:

This course is designed to acquaint the students with knowledge about forces ad units of forces, energy changes in the body, heat loss from the body, and breathing mechanism. It helps the students acquire knowledge about electric signals of the body, general properties of sound in the body as a drum (percussion in medicine) and vision defects and corrections. Moreover, it makes the students recognize sources of radioactivity, nuclear medicine imaging devices, and the dose in nuclear medicine and therapy with radioactivity.

Course Objectives:

At the end of this course students should understand:

- 1. Force, energy, work and power of the body.
- 2. Muscles and force pressure in the body
- 3. Electrical signals of the body
- 4. Sound in medicine,
- 5. Light and vision,
- 6. Atoms and atomic Excitation





جامعة البلغاء التطبيقية

General Description:

Unit Numbe r	Unit Name	Unit Content	Time Needed
One.	Introduction	Measurements:MeasurementsUnits	
Two.	Force, Energy, Work and Power Of The Body Muscles And Force	 Mass and weight (and Units) Forces ad units of forces Newton's law of Motion Forces of Friction Energy changes in the body Heat loss from the body Heat loss by "radiations, convection and Respirations. Impulse and Momentum forces affect the body Gravity Electrical force Frictional forces 	
		 Frictional forces Forces during collisions (involving vehicles). Fall from heightS: Effects of acceleration 	
Four.	Pressure in The Body	 Density and specific gravity Pressure Pascal Principle Archimedes principle Flow of discharged and equation of continuity Laws of gases (Boyle's law & General law of gases) 	
Five.	Electric Signals Of The Body	 Electric charge and electrostatic forces Electric current movement of charges (e-) Electric potential and electric potential of 	



		nerve: - Electrical signal from muscles. EMG - Electrical signal from Heart. ECG - Electrical signal from Brain EEG - Electrical signal from eye ERG,EOG Biopotential of the heart - Amplifier – Defibrillators and pacemakers - Electrical shock - High frequency & low frequency electricity in medicine	
Six.	Sound In Medicine	General properties of soundUltrasound pictures of the body	
Seven.	Light And Vision	 Measurements of light and its units: Laws of Reflections Laws of Refraction Visible light in Medicine Lasers Ultraviolet and infrared light Lenses – kinds – formation of image: Microscope application. 	
Eight.	Atoms And Atomic Excitation	 Production of x-rays Kinds of Nuclear radiation Basic characteristic and units of radiopacity Sources of radioactivity Biological effects of ionizing radiation Radiation protection units and limits Radiation protection instrumentations 	





جامعة البلغاء التطبيغية

Evaluation Strategies:

Exams		Percentage	Date
Exams	First Exam	20%	//
	Second Exam	20%	//
	Final Exam	50%	//
Homework and Projects		10%	//
Discussions and Lecture			
Presentations			

Teaching Methodology:

- 1. Lectures
- 2 Discussion
- 3. Homework's
- 4. Demonstration

Text Books & References:

- 1. Biomedical Instrumentation Technology and Application (2005) 1rst Edition Application (2005) R.S. Khandpur Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company limited 0-07-144784-9
- 2. University Physics (2002) last Edition Francis W. Sears Mark W. Zeamansky Hugh D. Young Addison Wesley publishing Company ISBN 0-201-066947
- 3. Physics Of The Body (2000).2nd Edition John R. Cameron James G.Skofronick and Roderick M. Grant ISBN 0-044838-90-1.
- 4. Medical Physics "Instrumentation for Diagnosis And Therapy" (2002). 2nd Edition John R. Cameron James G. Skofronick And Roderick M.Grant ISBN 0-944838-90-2





Para-Medical Program Specialization Program Requirement Course Number 21301131 Course Title Biochemistry Credit Hours (2) Theoretical Hours (0)





جامعة البلغاء التطبيهية

Brief Course Description:

Biochemistry course introduces the basic essential information to the college students to know the biomaterials which we deal with during over daily activities, classification, chemical structure, reactions and how the human body metabolizes such biomolecules work.

Course Objectives:

- 1. To study the following biomolecules and to know the basic information about them, saccharides, lipids, proteins, nucleic acids.
- 2. To study their chemical structure, reactions and classification.
- 3. To study enzymes, vitamins and how it works.
- 4. Acquire the knowledge about their characterization methods.
- 5. To study the metabolism of biomolecules.





جامعة البلغاء التطبيقية

General Description:

Unit Number	Unit Name	Unit Content	Time Needed
1.	Introduction	Constituents of biochemistryMain function groups in biochemistry	
2.	Carbohydrates	 Classification of carbohydrates: Monosaccharide: Types, reactions and chemical structures Disaccharides: types, chemical structure Polysaccharides: types, chemical structures 	
3.	Proteins	 Chemistry of amines acids, types, structure chemical and physical properties Peptides: Chemical structure Proteins: Primary structure Secondary structure Tertiary structure 	
4.	Lipids	 Classification of lipids: Chemical structure Chemical reactions Steroids definition of structures 	
5.	Nucleic Acids	 Definitions Chemical Structure of Nucleosides and nucleotides Nitrogen bases Chemical structure of DNA and RNA 	
6.	Enzymes	Properties and chemical structure:Immobilized enzymesCo-enzymes	
7.	Vitamins	Definition	



جامعة البلغاء التطبيهية

Chemical structure Classification Water—soluble vitamins Water—insoluble vitamins	
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Evaluation Strategies:

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Exams		Percentage	Date
Exams	First Exam	20%	//
	Second Exam	20%	//
	Final Exam	50%	//
Homework and Projects		10%	//
Discussions and lecture			
Presentations			

Teaching Methodology:

Text Books & References:

- 1. J. M. Berg, L. Stryer and J.L.Tumoczko, "Biochemistry", W. Freeman & Co, 2006.
- 2. D. Voet and J. Voet and C.W. Pratt., "Fundamentals of Biochemistry", D. Voet and J. Voet and C.W. Pratt, John-Wiley, 2005.
- 3. A. L. Lehninger, D. Le Nelson, M. M.Cox., "Principles of Biochemistry", W. Freeman & Co., 2004.
- 4. John Mc Murry, "Organic chemistry", John & Son Willy, New York,5th edition, 2000.



Para-Medical Program				
Specialization Program Requirement				
Course Number 21301132				
Course Title Biochemistry Lab				
Credit Hours	Credit Hours (1)			
Theoretical Hours (0)				
Practical Hours (3)				





جامعة البلغاء التطبيقية

Brief Course Description:

This course deals with performing practical applications for the different classes of biomolecules including carbohydrates, lipids and proteins.

Course Objectives:

Toward the end of this course, the student should be able to:

- 1. Study some reactions of monosaccharide, disaccharides and polysaccharides.
- 2. Be able to measure the glucose level in blood.
- 3. Identify the methods of protein depositions.
- 4. Study some properties of lipids as well as some characteristic reaction.
- 5. Identify some methods of amino acids separation.





General De	scription:		
Unit Number	Unit Name	Unit Content	Time Needed
One.	Carbohydrates	 Benedict's test Tollen's test Molisch's test Determination of glucose level in blood Starch test 	
Two.	Lipids	1-Lipids Properties -Solubility of lipids -Unsaturation test -Specification test (soap formation) 2-Cholesterol Level Test 3-Triglyceride Level Test	
Three	Proteins And Amino Acids	 1-Precipitation test Precipitation with Ammonium sulphate Precipitation with sodium chloride and magnesium sulphate 2-Colored reaction Biuret Test Total Protein Level Test Uric Acid Level Test 	
Four	Vitamin	• Determination of vitamin C -In Blood -In Urine	





جامعة البلقاء التطبيقية

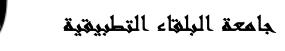
Evaluation Strategies:

Dialitation Strategies.			
Exams		Percentage	Date
Exams	First Exam Practical	20%	//
	Second Exam Practical	20%	//
	Final Exam Practical	50%	//
Homework and Projects		10%	//
Discussions and lecture			
Presentations			

Text Books & References:

- 1. J. M. Berg, L. Stryer and J.L. Tumoczko, "Biochemistry", W. Freeman & Co, 2006.
- 2. D. Voet and J. Voet and C.W. Pratt. "Fundamentals of Biochemistry", June-Wiley, 2005.
- 3. A. L. Lehninger, D. Le Nelson, M. M.Cox., « Principles of Biochemistry", W. Freeman &Co, 2004.
- 4. John McMurry , "Organic chemistry", ,NewYork,5th edition, 2000, John & Son Willy, 2000.





Para-Medical Program Specialization Program Requirement Course Number 21102111 Course Title Anatomy Credit Hours (3) Theoretical Hours (3) Practical Hours (0)





جامعة البلغاء التطبيهية

Brief Course Description:

The course deals with structural anatomy of the body as a whole to provide the students with knowledge of the structure of the body of the human being. This course deals all the systems of the body in an attempt to make it easy for the paramedical students to recognize the organs of the body.

Course Objectives:

At the end of this course, the student should be able to:

- 1. Define anatomy.
- 2. Understand the structures of the body systems.
- 3. Describe the body organs.
- 4. Integrate the anatomy of the body with its physiology.





جامعة البلغاء التطبيقية

Detailed Course Description:

Detailed Cours Unit Number	Unit Name	Unit Content	Time Needed
1.	An Introduction To The Human Body	 Definition of Anatomy Levels of Body Organization Body Systems and their Organs Anatomical Terminology (Anatomical Position, directional Terms, Body Regions, Planes and Cavities) 	(2 hours)
2.	The Cells And Tissues Of The Body	 Structure Of Cell , Including The Plasma Membrane (Cell Membrane) The Cytoplasm And Cell Organelles The Nucleus Epithelium Tissues Glandular Epithelium Connective Tissues Membranes of The Body Muscular Tissue Nervous Tissue 	(2 hours)
3.	Blood, Cardiovascular and Lymph System	 Blood: Composition of blood Plasma Erythrocytes(red blood cells) Development of and life span of erythrocytes Blood groups Leukocytes(white blood cells) Granulocytes polymorphonuclear Leukocytes Granulocytes Thrombocytes (platelets) Heart:- Size and location of The heart Structure of The heart. 	(4 hours)



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		 Flow of blood through the heart Blood supply to the heart Conducting system of the heart Blood Vessels: Types of blood vessels: Structure of blood vessels. Major Blood Vessels Circulatory routes of blood vessels Lymph: Lymph vessels lymphatic Capillaries Large Lymph Vessels Thoracic Duct Right Lymph Duct Lymphatic Organs and Tissue Lymph nodes(Structure) Spleen Organs associated with the spleen Structure Thymus Gland Organs associated with thymus Structure Mucosa-associated with lymphoid tissue 	
4.	The Nervous System	 Structure of the Nervous System: Neuron Central Nervous System Brain Spinal Cord Peripheral Nervous System Autonomic Nervous System The Menenges The Fluid Spaces of the Brain The Cerebrospinal Fluid (Formation 	(2 hours)



		and Circulation)	
		 Main Features of Sympathetic And 	
		Parasympathetic System Nerves	
5.	The skin	Structure Of The Skin;	
		– Epidermis	
		- Dermis	
		 Subcutaneous Layer 	
		Accessory Organs of the Skin:, :	
		– Nails	
		- Hair Follicles	
		 Sebaceous Glands 	
		- Sweet Glands	
6.	The Endocrine	Location , Shape, Size And Structure of	
	System	Endocrine Glands :	
		Pituitary Gland	
		- Thyroid Gland	
		 Parathyroid Glands 	
		Adrenal Glands	
		- Pancreatic Islets	
		- Thymus Gland	
		- Pineal Gland	
		- Ovaries	
		- Testes	
7.	The Respiratory	Nose and Nasal Cavity	
	System	- Structure	
		Pharynx, Larynx and the Trachea:	
		- Position	
		- Structure	
		Bronchi and smaller air passages	
		- Structure of bronchi and bronchioles	
		- Structure of Respiratory bronchioles	
		and alveoli	
		Lungs:	
		- Position, Structure and Organization	
		Pleura and pleural cavity	
		Respiration:	
		 Muscles of respiration 	



		 Cycle of respiration
8.	The Digestive System	 Organs of the Digestive system Structure of The Alimentary Tract Mouth and Salivary glands Pharynx and Esophagus Stomach Small and Large intestines Pancreas Liver Biliary Tract Digestion and Absorption
9.	The Genitourinary System	 ■ Urinary System:- Kidneys Ureters Urinary Bladder Urethra ■ Female Reproductive System External Genitalia Internal Genitalia Vagina Uterus Fallopian tubes Ovaries Puberty in Female The Menstruation Cycle Breast and Mammary glands ■ Male Reproductive System Scortum Testes Spermatic Cords Seminal Vesicles Ejaculatory Ducts Prostate Gland Urethra and Pens Puberty in Male
10.	The	Skeletal System:
	Skeletomuscular	- Bones:



System	○ Structure of Bones :
·	○ Types of Bones.
	 The Main Division of the Skeleton
	oThe Main Features of the Bones of
	the Skeleton:
	- Shape
	- Position
	- Number
	○Structural of Joints
	○ Structure of Synovial Joints
	○Types of Synovial Joints.
	- Axial Skeleton:
	o Skull
	 Vertebral Column
	 Thoracic Cage
	 Appendicular Skeleton
	 Shoulder girdle and upper Limb
	o Pelvic girdle and lower Limb
	 Articulation and movement
	Muscular System:
	 Muscles of the face
	 Muscles of the back
	 Muscles of the abdominal wall
	 Muscles of the pelvic floor





جامعة البلغاء التطبيغية

Evaluation Strategies:

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Exams		Percentage	Date
Exams	First Exam	20%	//
	Second Exam	20%	//
	Final Exam	50%	//
Homework and Projects		10%	
Discussions and lecture			
Presentations			

Teaching Methodology:

- 1. Lectures.
- 2. Slides and posters and computers.
- 3. Models
- 4. Practice inside labs

Text Books & References:

- 1. Ross and Nilson, "Anatomy and physiology in health and illness", Churchill Livingstone. 10th edition, 2006.
- 2. Asfour, Noureddin Essentials of Anatomy 2nd edition, Amman- Jordan, dartasneem, 2009 3-Saladin, Kenneth S, "Anatomy and physiology", 4th Edition, 2006.
- 4David Shier, Jackie Bulter and Ricki Lewis, "Hole's Essentials of Human Anatomy& Physiology", 9th edition, 2006. Mc GRAW.Hill.
- 5Clark, Robert K, "Anatomy and physiology", 1st Edition, 2005.
- 6"Mosby's hand book of Anatomy and Physiology Patton and Thibodeaue", 2000.





Para-Medical Program			
Specialization Program Requirement			
Course Number	Course Number 21102113		
Course Title Physiology			
Credit Hours	Credit Hours (3)		
Theoretical Hours (3)			
Practical Hours (0)			





جامعة البلغاء التطبيهية

Brief Course Description:

This course is designed to provide the students with the knowledge of the functions performed by the various parts and organs of the human body. It also deals with the integrity of the body systems as a whole to let the student recognize the physiological changes that happen within the human body and how the body systems work.

Course Objectives:

At the end of this course the students should be able to:

- 1. Define physiology and its importance in homeostasis.
- 2. Identify the functions tissues.
- 3. Understand the functions and the mechanisms of all body organs





	eneral Description:			
Unit Number	Unit Name	Unit Content	Time Needed	
One	The body as a Whole	 Define physiology Homeostasis:- Intercellular fluid Extracellular fluid Interstitial fluid Component of extracellar fluid Na & water balance Acid base balance Acid – base balance 		
Two	The Tissue	 Acid – base balance Cell division Physiology of the cell :- Movement of substances through the cell membrane, diffusion, osmosis, active and passive transport General functions of: Epithelial tissue Connective tissue Muscular tissue Nervous tissue 		
Three	Blood and Cardiovascular System	 Tissue regeneration Functions of blood component Blood vessels Heart function cardiac cycle cardiac out put blood presses Function of Circulatory System in General 		
Four	Lymphatic System	 Function of Circulatory System in General Function of lymphatic system in general Function of Lymph Nodes Lymph Gland 		
Five	Nervous System	 Nerve impulse (Action potential) Function of the poring Function of cerebrospinal fluid 		



		• Function of cerebellum		
		Function of pons		
		Function of spinal cord		
		Function of cranial nerves		
		Function of Autonomic nervous system		
		Sympathetic		
		Parasympathetic		
Sex	Special Senses	physiology of vision		
		physiology of hearing		
		physiology of olfactory		
		physiology of taste		
Seven	Endocrinology	Function of Pituitary Guards		
		and Hypothalamus		
		Function of the Thyroid		
		Function of Parathyroid		
		Function of Adrenal Gland		
		Function of Endocrine Panaceas		
Eight	Respiratory	Function of the Nose		
-	System	Function of larynx and Pharynx		
		 Function of Bronchus of bronchioles 		
		Function of pleura		
		Function of cycle of		
		Physiology of respiration:		
		 Control of Respiration 		
		 Gaseous exchange 		
Nine	Digestive System	Function of mouth and salvia		
		 Function of esophagus, stomach 		
		 small intestine, and large intestine 		
		Control of Digestion		
		Absorption		
		 Function of the Liver 		
Ten	Genitor Urinary	Function of the kidneys		
	System	Function of the ureter		
	_	Bladder and urethra		
		 Function of the ovary and fallopian tube 		
		Function the uterus and Vagina		
	1	Menstrual cycle		



جامعة البلغاء التطبيغية

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		Puberty in female	
		Function of breast	
		Function of the testis	
		Function of epidydimis	
		 Function of seminal vesicle 	
		 Function of prostrate gland 	
		 Process of ejaculation 	
		Puberty in male	
Eleven	The Skin	Function of the Skin	
		Wound healing	
Twelve	Skeletomuscular	Mechanism of bone formation	
	System	Function of skeleton	
		Function of bones	
		Function of cavities	
		 Healing of bones 	
		Function of joints	
		Function of muscle	
		 Energy sources for muscle 	
		 Mechanism of muscle contraction 	
		 Healing of the muscle 	
		 Repair of nerves supply muscle 	

Evaluation Strategies:

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Exams		Percentage	Date	
Exams	First Exam	20%	/	
	Second Exam	20%	//	
	Final Exam	50%	//	
Homework and Projects		10%	//	
Discussions and lecture				
Presentations				

Teaching Methodology:

- 1. Lectures.
- 2. Discussion.
- 3. Homework's.
- 4. Demonstration





جامعة البلغاء التطبيهية

Text Books & References:

- 1. Ross and Wilson, "Anatomy and physiology in health and illness", 10th edition, Churchill Livingstone 2006.
- 2. Asfour, Noureddin physiology 3rd edition, dartasneem, amman, Jordan, 2009
- 3. Saladin, Kenneth S, "Anatomy and Physiology", 4th edition, 2006.
- 4. David Shier, Jackie Bulter and Ricki Lewis, "Hole's Essentials of Human Anatomy& Physiology", 9th edition. Mc GRAW.Hill.
- 5. Robert K, "Anatomy and Physiology Clark", 1st Edition, 2005.
- 6. "Mosby's hand book of Anatomy and Physiology Patton and Thibodeaue", 2000.





البرنامج الممن الطبية المسائحة التخصص التخصص رقم المادة الدراسية اسم المادة الدراسية عدد الساعات المعتمدة (3)

(3)

(0)



عدد الساعات النظرية

عدد الساعات العملية



جامعة البلغاء التطبيقية

وصف المادة الدراسية:

يتناول هذا المساق المضمون المعرفي لعلم الاجتماع من حيث الفكر الاجتماعي والرعاية الصحية. فيقدم عرضا لمفاهيم: الصحة، المرض، الرعاية الصحية، الخدمة الصحية والسلوك المرضي، وكذلك يتناول الدور الذي يمارسه المجتمع في الخدمة الصحية والسياق الاجتماعي للصحة والمرض وانعكاسات مفهوم الصحية والمرض على الخدمات الصحية. ثم يتناول المساق أهم الميادين الدراسية في العلوم الاجتماعية والسلوكية وذلك لفهم السلوك الاجتماعي على المستوى النظري والعملي من التطرق إلى مفاهيم: المعايير، الاتجاهات و القيم.

أهداف المادة الدراسية:

بعد دراسة هذه المادة يتوقع من الطالب أن يكون قادراً على تحقيق الأهداف التالية:

- 1. ماهية علم الاجتماع الطبي.
- 2. مفاهيم الصحة والمرض وسلوك المرض.
 - 3. الأبعاد الاجتماعية للخدمة الصحية.
 - 4. الأبعاد الثقافية للخدمة الصحية.
 - 5. التنظيم الاجتماعي للمؤسسة الصحية.
 - 6. مفاهيم المعايير، الاتجاهات و القيم.
 - 7. أخلاقيات المهنة التي سيمارسه.





جامعة البلغاء التطبيغية

الوصف العام:

الزمن	محتويات الوحدة	اسم الوحدة	الوحدة
	 نشأة علم الاجتماع الطبي 	علم الاجتماع الطبي	الاولى.
	 تعریف علم الاجتماع الطبي 		
	 فروع علم الاجتماع الطبي 		
	 مستقبل علم الاجتماع الطبي 		
	■ مفهوم الصحة	علم الاجتماع الطبي	الثانية.
	 مفهوم المرض 	(المفاهيم)	
	 مفهوم الرعاية الصحية 		
	 مفهوم الخدمة الصحية 		
	 مفهو م سلوك المرض 		
	 السياق الاجتماعي والخدمة الصحية 		الثالثة.
	 الأسرة والخدمة الصحية 	الصحية	
	 سلوك المرض واللجوء إلى الخدمة الصحية 		
	 الطبقة الاجتماعية والخدمة الصحية 		
***************************************	 المهنة والمرض والخدمة الصحية 		<u> </u>
	■ المجتمع والثقافة ■ الختاذت المسترات المسترات	الأبعاد الثقافية للخدمة الصحية	الرابعة.
	 الثقافة والصحة والمرض العادات والتقاليد والخدمة الصحية 	(معکیہ	
	 العادات والعالية والخدمة الصحية المعتقدات الطبية الشعبية والخدمة الصحية 		
	 الحكم والأمثال الشعبية والخدمة الصحية 		
	 المفاهيم والتصورات الشعبية والخدمة الصحية 		
	 المؤسسة الصحية: الموقع والنشأة الإمكانيات 	التنظيم الاجتماعي	الخامسة.
	 المؤسسة الصحية والمجتمع للمؤسسة الصحية 	للمؤسسة الصحية	
	 الدور الوقائي و العلاجي للمؤسسة الصحية 		
	 الأدوية بالمؤسسة وعلاقاتها بالأداء المهنى 		
	 أقسام المؤسسة الصحية والأداء المهنى 		
	 الأطباء والأداء المهني للخدمة 		
	 الممرضات والخدمة الصحية 		
	 الفنيين والخدمة الصحية 		
	■ المعابير:	الثقافة والسلوك الصحي	السادسة.
	 معنى المعيار 	والمرضي:	1
	– أنواع المعايير	Alles Manual Sails	l,



جامعة البلغاء التطبيقية

 الالتزام بالمعايير 	
 الاتجاهات 	
 مفهوم الاتجاه 	
 قیاس الاتجاهات 	
– تغيير الاتجاهات	
■ القيم	
– مفهوم القيم	
– أنواع القيم	
القيم الصحية	

طرق التقييم المستخدمة:

التاريخ	نسبة الامتحان من العلامة الكلية	الامتحانات
التاريخ : / /	%20	الأول
التاريخ : / /	%20	الثاني
التاريخ : / /	%10	أعمال الفصل
التاريخ : / /	%50	الامتحانات النهائية
		المشروع و الوظائف
		المناقشات و تقديم المحاضرات

طرق التدريس:

- 1. محاضرات
- 2. مناقشة وامتحانات قصيرة
 - 3. شرائح تعليمية

يحدد عضو هيئة التدريس الطريقة المستخدمة من خلال (محاضرة، عرض، مناقشات، مختبرات).





جامعة البلغاء التطبيهية

الكتب و المراجع:

- 1. أبو مدين، سليمان، 2006 ، التصورات الاجتماعية للصحة والمرض في الجزائر اربد: جامعة اليرموك
 - 2. محمد، على محمد، 2004، در اسات في علم الاجتماع الطبي، الإسكندرية: دار المعرفة الجامعية
- عبد المحي محمود حسن، 2003 ، الصحة العامة بين البعدين الاجتماعي والثقافي. الإسكندرية :دار المعرفة الحامعية
 - 4. زعبي، احمد محمد، 2001، أسس علم النفس الاجتماعي:عمان دار زهران
 - 5. المكاوى، على 1998، الجوانب الاجتماعية والثقافية للخدمة الصحية، الإسكندرية: دار المعارف الاجتماعية.
 - 6. زهران ، حامد عبد السلام، 1992 علم النفس الاجتماعي: القاهرة: عالم الكتب
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Para-Medical Program Specialization Program Requirement Course Number 21102117 Course Title Medical Terminology Credit Hours (3) Theoretical Hours (3) Practical Hours (0)





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Brief Course Description:

This course is designed to develop a working knowledge of the language of medicine to let students acquire word building skills by learning word roots, suffixes, prefixes and abbreviations. By relating terms to body systems, students should identify the proper use of words in a medical environment. Knowledge of medical terminology enhances the student's ability to communicate and practice his/her work successfully on the purpose of providing health services.

Course Objectives:

Upon completion of this course, students will meet the following objectives:

- 1. Identify the basic structure of medical words.
- 2. Construct terms from medical word elements.

 Define any medical term by dividing it into its elements, identifying and defining each part.
- 4. Correctly spell, pronounce, define and use words related to each body system studied.
- 5. Recognise incorrect spelling and usage of medical terms studies.
- 6. Acquire knowledge of disease processes which affects body organs.
- 7. Acquire an awareness of laboratory tests, clinical procedures, and abbreviations
- 8. Accurately interpret, transcribe and communicate vocabulary related to health care services, translate medical terms to contestation of language to facilitate communication





Unit Number	Unit Name	Unit Content	Time Needed	
One.	Introduction to medical Terminology	 Discuss the four parts of medical terms Recognize the word roots and the combining vowel form. Identify the most common prefixes and suffixes. Studying the methods of word buildings 		
Two.	Integumentary system	 Identify the organs of the integumentary system and the word root for each organ: Derm/o, Dermat/o, kerat/o, pillo, seb/o, Onch /o Construct terms related to skin, hair, nail and sebous glands and sweat glands Discuss the four purposes of the skin Identifies the terms of colour. Build terms related to disease of skin Build terms related to treatment and disorders of skin Practice exercises related to integumentary system 		
Three.	Musculoskeletal system	 Identify the organs of the musculoskeletal system and the word root for each organ: My/o Rhabd/o, Muscul/o, Kines/o Ten /o Tend/o, Orth/o Oste/o Arthr/o, Synovi/o Chondr/o Spondyl /o Disc/o, Meyl /o Build medical terms related to the musculoskeletal system Identify pathology related to this system 		



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		 Symptoms and signs Recognition of terms related to the treatment of musical osculated diseases and disorders Recognition of the surgical prosecuting related to this systems
Four.	Digestive system	 Identify the organs of the digestive system and the word root for each organ: Oesophag/o, Gastr/o Pylor /o Entr/o Duoden/o , Jejun/o , Ile/o Caec/o Appendico/o Sigmoid /o Rect/o , Proct /o, Hepat/o Pancreat /o , Peritone /o Cyst/o Lapar/o Build terms related to the digestive system Identify and discuss the terms related to the pathology of the digestive system. Recognition of the terms related to the surgical diagnostic procedures done to this system. Recognition of the terms used in the treatment of this system
Five.	The Respiratory system	 Identify the organs of the Respiratory systems and the word roots for each organ. Nas/o, Rhin/o, Laryng/o, Pharyng/o Trache/o Bronch/o, Pneumon/o, Lob/o, Pulmon/o, Pleur/o, Phren/o, Cost/o and Chondr/o Build terms related to the respiratory system Related to the disorders of the respiratory system. Surgical and diagnostic procedures of the respiratory system



		- Treat men's of the respiratory		
		system		
		 Interpret abbreviation used in the 		
		students		
Six.	The cardiovascular	Identify the organs of the		
SIA.	system	cardiovascular systems and the word		
	System	roots for each organ.		
		- Cardi/o, Valv/o, Atri/o, ventricul/o,		
		Myocardi/o Pericardi/o, Ven/o		
		Phleb/o, Venacav/o, Aort/o,		
		arteri/o, Angi/o		
		Build terms related to the		
		cardiovascular system:		
		- Discuses of the system		
		- Surgical and diagnostic procedures		
		of this system.		
		- Treatment of this system.		
		- Interpret abbreviations used in the		
C	TT / 1	study of this system		
		racitary the parts of fractilatorogy and		
		the word roots for each part		
		List the word roots and the combining		
		forms of Haematology system:		
		- Hem/o Heamat/o, Emia, Hemia		
		Micr/o, Reticul/o Eryth/o leuk/o,		
		Myel/o, Plasma, Phag/o, Cyst/o,		
		Globin/o, Thromb/o		
		Build terms related to Haematology		
		system:		
		- Disuse of blood		
		- Surgical and diagnostic procedures		
		- Treatment of blood diseases and		
		disorders		
		- Interpret abbreviations used is the		
		study of blood		
Eight.	Endocrine system	Identify the organs of the endocrine		
		system and the word roots for each		



Nine. The Genitourinary system	 List the word roots related to the endocrine system: Pitutar, Thyr/o, Parathyr/o, Adren/o, Pancreat/o, Ovari/o, Orchid/o, Cortic/oetc Build terms related to the: disorders and diseases of the endocrine system treatment of the endocrine system Surgical procedures and diagnostic). Identify procedures related to the endocrine system Interpret abbreviations used in the study of the endocrine system Identify the organs of the genitourinary system and the word roots for each organ List the word roots related to the Genitourinary system: Ren/o, Nephr/o, Pyel/o, Cyst/o, Vesic/o, Urethr/o, Urin/o, Orchid/o, Scort/o, Phall/o, Ballan/o, Epididym/o,Visic/o,Vesicu/o,Prostat/o,Semin/oTest/o,Colp/o,Culd/o, Hystr/o,Metr/o,Ovari/o Oophor/o,Salping/o,lacent/o,etc. using word root, prefixes and suffixes to build terms interpreting Genitourinary system: Build terms using word root, prefixes and suffixes related to the:



	T			
		- Surgical and diagnostic procedures		
		of the genitourinary system.		
		- Treatment of the diseases of the		
		genitourinary system.		
		 Interpret abbreviators used in the 		
		study of this system		
Ten.	The Nervous	 Identify the organs of the nervous 		
	system.	system and the word roots for each		
	-	organ.		
		 List the word roots and the combining 		
		forms related to the nervous system:		
		- Neur/o, Plex/o, Cephal/o,		
		Encephal/o Cerebr/o,		
		Crani/o, Vertebr/o, etc.		
		Build terms related to the nervous		
		system.		
		 Related the disease and disorders 		
		of the nervous system		
		 Related to diagnostic and surgical 		
		procedures of the nervous system.		
		- Related to the treatment of the		
		diseases disorders of the nervous		
		system		
		- Interpret abbreviations related to		
		the study of the nervous system		
Eleven.	Special senses: The	Identify the organs of special senses		
Licvell.	Eye and the Ear	and the word roots for each organ.		
	Eye and the Eal	List the word roots and the combining		
		forms related to the special senses:		
		_		
		, 3		
		Corle/o, Cycl/o, Dacry/o, Goni/o		
		Helc/o Ir/o, Irid/o		
		Lacrim/o,Irid/o,Kerat/o,Ocul/o,Op		
		hthalm/o ,Ooptic/o, Papill/o,		
		Pupill/o, Phac/o, Phak, , Retin/o,		



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		and Scot/o, Scler/o. Sten/o Ton/o,Uve/o - Audi/o Auricul/o, cochle/o ,Incud/o Labyrinth/o,Laryng/o,Malle/o,Mas toid/o,Myc/o,Myring/o,Ossicul/o, Ot/o,Salping/oStapedio,Ten/o, Tympan/o,and Vestibul/o Build terms related to: - The disease and disorders of the special senses. - The diagnostic and surgical procedure related to the special senses. - Treatment of the disease and disorders of the special senses.
		 Treatment of the disease and disorders of the special senses Iinterpret abbreviations used in the a study of the special senses
Twelve.	Medical Abbreviations	 International Medical Abbreviations Abbreviations related to body systems Abbreviations related to time, location, and number

Evaluation Strategies:

Evaluation Strategies.			
Exams		Percentage	Date
Exams	First Exam	20%	//
	Second Exam	20%	//
	Final Exam	50%	//
Homework and Projects		10%	//
Discussions and lecture			
Presentations			





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Teaching Methodology:

- 5. Lectures
- 6. Discussion
- 7. Homework's
- 8. Demonstration

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